

## SHEET 9: Solutions of O.D.E.s with constant coeffs

### By LAPLACE TRANSFORM METHOD

Solve the following subject to the given conditions.

#### **First order**

$$(1) \quad 3 \frac{dx}{dt} - 4x = e^{2t}; \quad x = 0 \text{ when } t = 0.$$

$$(2) \quad 3 \frac{dx}{dt} - 4x = e^{2t}; \quad x = 5 \text{ when } t = 0.$$

$$(3) \quad 3 \frac{dx}{dt} - 4x = \cos 2t; \quad x = 0 \text{ when } t = 0.$$

$$(4) \quad 3 \frac{dx}{dt} - 4x = \sin 2t; \quad x = 2 \text{ when } t = 0.$$

$$(5) \quad \frac{dx}{dt} - 2x = 3t; \quad x = 0 \text{ when } t = 0.$$

$$(6) \quad \frac{d\theta}{dt} = -k(\theta - \alpha); \quad \text{where } k, \alpha \text{ are known constants and}$$
$$\theta = 0 \text{ when } t = 0.$$

#### **Second Order**

$$(1) \quad \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + x = \cos 3t; \quad x_0 = 0, \left( \frac{dx}{dt} \right)_0 = 0.$$

$$(2) \quad \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + x = \cos 3t; \quad x_0 = 1, \left( \frac{dx}{dt} \right)_0 = 2.$$

$$(3) \quad 4 \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 9 = \sin 2t; \quad x_0 = 1, \left( \frac{dx}{dt} \right)_0 = 2.$$

$$(4) \quad \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 3 \frac{dx}{dt} + 2x = e^t; \quad x_0 = 1, \left( \frac{dx}{dt} \right)_0 = 1.$$

$$(5) \quad \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} - 2 \frac{dx}{dt} + x = e^{2t}; \quad x_0 = 0, \left( \frac{dx}{dt} \right)_0 = 0.$$

$$(6) \quad \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 2 \frac{dx}{dt} + 2x = 0; \quad x_0 = 1, \left( \frac{dx}{dt} \right)_0 = 0.$$

$$(7) \quad \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 2 \frac{dx}{dt} + 2x = \sin t; \quad x_0 = 0, \left( \frac{dx}{dt} \right)_0 = 0$$

## Answers

First order:

$$(1) \quad x = \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{2t} - e^{\frac{4}{3}t} \right) \quad (2) \quad x = \frac{1}{2} \left( 9e^{\frac{4}{3}t} + e^{2t} \right)$$

$$(3) \quad x = \frac{-1}{13} \cos 2t + \frac{3}{26} \sin 2t + \frac{1}{13} e^{\frac{4}{3}t} \quad (4) \quad x = \frac{55}{26} e^{\frac{4}{3}t} - \frac{3}{26} \cos 2t - \frac{1}{13} \sin 2t$$

$$(5) \quad x = \frac{3}{4} e^{2t} - \frac{3}{2} t - \frac{3}{5} \quad (6) \quad \theta = (A - \alpha) e^{-kt} + \alpha$$

Second order:

$$(1) \quad x = -\frac{1}{8} \cos 3t + \frac{1}{8} \cos t \quad (2) \quad x = -\frac{1}{8} \cos 3t + \frac{9}{8} \cos t + 2 \sin t$$

$$(3) \quad x = \cos \frac{3t}{2} + \frac{32}{21} \sin \frac{3t}{2} - \frac{1}{7} \sin 2t \quad (4) \quad x = \frac{1}{6} e^t + \frac{5}{2} e^{-t} - \frac{5}{3} e^{-2t}$$

$$(5) \quad x = e^{2t} - e^t (t + 1) \quad (6) \quad x = e^{-t} (\sin t + \cos t)$$

$$(7) \quad x = e^{-t} \left( \frac{2}{5} \cos t + \frac{1}{5} \sin t \right) - \frac{2}{5} \cos t + \frac{1}{5} \sin t$$